AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

In accordance with Rule 1.121, a complete claim listing is presented below. A status identifier (Original), (Currently Amended), (Cancelled), (Withdrawn), (Previously Presented), (New), or (Not Entered) precedes each claim. Only the changes in amended claims are shown by strikethrough (deleted material) and underlining (added material).

1. (Currently Amended) A hypodermic needle, comprising:

a hollow tube having an outer surface, an interior surface defining a straight bore, and an angled end with respect to a longitudinal axis of the tube, the end having an opening surrounded by an external peripheral rim, a front half region proximal to a piercing tip defined by the angled end, and a rear half region opposite the front half region;

wherein at least a portion of the external peripheral rim is beveled back at least 25% with respect to a wall thickness of the tube to form an internal beveled surface such that the internal beveled surface surrounds 20-70% of the opening and at least a portion of the internal beveled surface is in the rear half region; and

wherein the internal beveled surface is beveled from the outer surface to the interior surface in a direction towards the bore and away from the piercing tip.

- 2. (**Currently Amended**) The hypodermic needle of claim 1, wherein the at least a portion of the external peripheral rim is beveled back at least 30%.
- 3. (**Currently Amended**) The hypodermic needle of claim 1, wherein the at least a portion of the external peripheral rim is beveled back at least 35%.

- 4. (Currently Amended) The hypodermic needle of claim 1, wherein the at least a portion of the external peripheral rim is beveled back at least 40%.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The hypodermic needle of claim 1, wherein the at least a portion of the external peripheral rim is beveled back at least 50%.
- 6. (Original) The hypodermic needle of claim 1, wherein the internal beveled surface is curved.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The hypodermic needle of claim 6 wherein a circle coincident with the curvature of the internal beveled surface has a radius of curvature that is at least 25% with respect to the wall thickness.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The hypodermic needle of claim 1, wherein the internal beveled surface surrounds 5-85% of the opening.
- 9. (Withdrawn) The hypodermic needle of claim 1, wherein the internal beveled surface surrounds 20-70% of the opening.
 - 10. (Currently Amended) A hypodermic needle, comprising:

a hollow tube having an outer surface, an interior surface defining a straight bore, and an angled end with respects to a longitudinal axis of the tube, the end having a front half region proximal to a piercing tip defined by the angled end, and a rear half region opposite the front half region; the end having a means for reducing fluid stress at an entrance of the needle, the means for reducing fluid stress comprising an opening surrounded by an

external peripheral rim wherein at least a portion of the external peripheral rim is beveled back at least 25% with respect to a wall thickness of the tube to form an internal beveled surface such that the internal beveled surface surrounds 20-70% of the opening and at least a portion of the internal beveled surface is in the rear half region; and

wherein the internal beveled surface is beveled from the outer surface to the interior surface in a direction towards the bore and away from the cutting point.

11. (Currently Amended) In a hypodermic needle having an internal substantially cylindrical surface defining a <u>straight</u> bore; an external substantially cylindrical surface; an end angled with respect to a longitudinal axis of the needle, the end having an opening and defining a piercing tip; an outer peripheral rim, the rim partially surrounding a first region of the opening proximal to the piercing tip and connecting the external and internal cylindrical surfaces of the needle; the improvement comprising;

an internal beveled surface on the internal surface of the needle surrounding 20-70% of a second region of said opening opposite the first region, wherein the degree of beveling back of the rim is at least 25% with respect to a wall thickness of the hypodermic needle; and wherein the internal beveled surface is beveled from the external substantially cylindrical surface to the internal substantially cylindrical surface in a direction towards the bore and away from the piercing tip.

- 12. (Previously Presented) The hypodermic needle of claim 11, wherein at least a portion of the external peripheral rim is beveled back at least 30%.
 - 13. (Previously Presented) The hypodermic needle of claim 11,

wherein at least a portion of the external peripheral rim is beveled back at least 50%.

- 14. (Original) A method of preparing a sample, comprising withdrawing blood with the hypodermic needle of Claim 1.
- 15. (**Currently Amended**) In a method of preparing a sample, comprising:

withdrawing blood with a hypodermic needle, the hypodermic needle having an internal substantially cylindrical surface defining a straight bore; an external substantially cylindrical surface; an end angled with respect to a longitudinal axis of the needle, the end having an opening and defining a piercing tip; an outer peripheral rim, the rim partially surrounding a first region of the opening proximal to the piercing tip and connecting the external and internal cylindrical surfaces of the needle; the improvement comprising withdrawing blood with the hypodermic needle having an internal beveled surface on the internal surface of the hypodermic needle surrounding 20-70% of a second region of said opening opposite the first region, wherein the degree of beveling back of the rim is at least 25% with respect to a wall thickness of the hypodermic; and wherein the internal beveled surface is beveled from the external substantially cylindrical surface towards the internal substantially cylindrical surface in a direction towards the bore and away from the piercing tip.

16. (**Currently Amended**) A method of making the <u>a</u> hypodermic needle of claim 1, comprising beveling back an external peripheral rim of a the hypodermic needle, where the hypodermic needle comprises:

a hollow tube having an outer surface, an interior surface defining a bore, and an angled end with respect to a longitudinal axis of the tube, the

end having an opening surrounded by an external peripheral rim, a front half region proximal to a piercing tip defined by the angled end, and a rear half region opposite the front half region;

where at least a portion of the external peripheral rim is beveled back at least 25% with respect to a wall thickness of the tube to form an internal beveled surface such that the internal beveled surface surrounds 20-70% of the opening and at least a portion of the internal beveled surface is in the rear half region; and

where the internal beveled surface is beveled from the outer surface to the interior surface in a direction towards the bore and away from the piercing tip.

- 17. (**Currently Amended**) A-<u>The</u> method of making the hypodermic needle of claim 2<u>16</u>, comprising: beveling back an external peripheral rim of a hypodermic needle where at least a portion of the external peripheral rim is beveled back at least 30% with respect to the wall thickness.
- 18. (Currently Amended) A-The method of making the hypodermic needle of claim 316, comprising: beveling back an external peripheral rim of a hypodermic needle where at least a portion of the external peripheral rim is beveled back at least 35% with respect to the wall thickness.
- 19. (Currently Amended) A The method of making the hypodermic needle of claim 716, comprising: beveling back an external peripheral rim of a hypodermic needle where a circle coincident with the curvature of the internal beveled surface has a radius of curvature that is at least 25% with respect to the wall thickness.
- 20. (Currently Amended) A-The method of making the hypodermic needle of claim 816, comprising: beveling back an external peripheral rim of a

hypodermic needlewhere the internal beveled surface surrounds from 5 to 85% of the opening.

- 21. (New) The hypodermic needle of claim 1, where the internal beveled surface is straight.
- 22. (New) The hypodermic needle of claim 21, where a reduction of red blood cell hemolysis during blood collection is provided in comparison to a conventional hypodermic needle.
- 23. (New) The hypodermic needle of claim 11, where the internal beveled surface is straight.
- 24. (New) The hypodermic needle of claim 23, where a reduction of red blood cell hemolysis during blood collection is provided in comparison to a conventional hypodermic needle.
- 25. (**New**) The hypodermic needle of claim 11, where the internal beveled surface is curved.